The Balance,

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Hudson,

TUESDAY, JULY 19, 1808.

EDITOR's CLOSET.

"Be just, and fear not."

[The following address was not originally intended for publication; but, at the request of several of the auditors and others, it is committed to the press.]

ADDRESS,

Delivered at the military celebration of Independence, in this city—1808.

Friends and Fellow Soldiers,

SO frequently has the event which we are now assembled to celebrate, been made the theme of the orator—so many and so various have been the attempts to elucidate its causes, and depict its consequences—so ably has it been defended, and so finely has it been eulogized, that little is left within the compass of my feeble powers to perform.—On this occasion, and in such hands, a public address is in danger of becoming

"tedious as a twice told tale,
Vexing the ear of a drowsy man."

But to hearers of liberal minds, apologies are unnecessary. They cannot cover defects. They cannot palliate errors. If I cannot please, your patience shall not be severely taxed. I shall not attempt to make up in length, for deficiency in interest.

Did I here think proper to follow the common practice of the day—assume the office of a political censor—and turn this great and distinguished anniversary into a season of rancour, hatred, and unfriendly contention, I might indeed swell this address to a volume—I might entertain you for hours—I might inflame your feelings—I might excite animosity—and, finally, while celebrating the independence of your country, might almost induce you to become the slaves of your own passions and prejudices.

But such, my countrymen, is not my purpose. With shame and remorse should I stand here to scatter firebrands and discord amongst American soldiers—men who are united by every honorable tie that binds freeborn souls together,—No, my friends, warmly as I am attached to my political tenets—ardently as I engage in the party struggles of the times—on this occasion I would stifle every feeling of resentment—I would silence every lisp of contention—I would even forget that we are called by different names.—If, amongst this respected audience, I have a political or personal enemy, I know it not to-day. I meet him as a friend—I greet him as a brother—I associate with him, as a fellow soldier, engaged in the same cause, animated by the same desire to serve his country.—This sentiment I trust, I know, is reciprocal. Every person in this assembly, desires only to encourage a spirit of friendship and harmony.—Every heart beats high with patriotic ardor. Love of country surpasses every other passion. Party-spirit is sacrificed on the altar of peace and unity; and the grateful incense mounts to heaven.—And if the spirits of departed heroes and patriots are permitted to look down on the transactions of this transitory world, with what satisfaction must they view this tranquil scene.

On such a day as this, to throw the veil of forgetfulness over all our party bickerings, is one of the greatest, the sublimest efforts of patriotism.

To bury all our party distinctions, and unite together under the bright standard of our liberty, the emblem of our independence, is one of the happiest, the noblest transactions of our lives.

Let us proceed, then, my brethren in arms, with candor and sincerity, to consider what are the qualities that constitute the soldier—and what are his several duties:—

Here I speak not of the soldier who fights for pay, without regard to the cause or consequence of the quarrel in which he is engaged. Such a soldier is but a mercenary and a slave. He becomes the passive instrument of ambition, and executes any duty which a tyrannical master may put into his hands.—Not such is the soldier of freedom—the citizen soldier. He subserves no cause but that of liberty. He does not destroy, under the colour of protecting the rights of his country.—

Under a government like ours, where all authority—all power—is derived immediately from the people—where the people build up, and where the people pull down—where every man contributes to the public weal and to the general defence—every soldier is a citizen—and every citizen may become a soldier.—Such is the nature of our constitution and policy, that the same man who directs our civil affairs, in times of peace, is bound to take command of our armies, in time of war. Here, then, the character of the soldier is the highest, the most responsible in the nation.—

He who exercises his *civil* rights *to-day*, may be called upon to defend his *national* rights, at the point of the bayonet, *to-morrow*.—And I trust, should such be the event, that every man who wears a military badge, will step forth with the same alacrity to protect his liberties, as to exercise them when secured.

Were I, fellow soldiers, to present you a pattern of a real soldier, against whom not even his enemies could lisp a censure, with pride and pleasure would I turn to our departed hero, who has been well described as being "first in war—first in peace—and first in the hearts of his countrymen."—Washington was an unequalled soldier—and yet he was a man, "take him for all in all, we shall not look upon his like again." Washington was ambitious; but he was ambitious only of the applause and esteem of his country: And may such an ambition inspire us all. He strove not to bend the universe to his power. He delighted not in fields of blood. He feasted not on slaughter and human misery. He coveted not the name of a terrible conqueror. He desired not the power to sweep off thousands at a blow.

"A power to hurt, is no such noble thing—
"The toad can poison, and the serpent sting."

So thought Washington. Mighty in war—he was still greater in peace. Generous as he was brave, he conquered the hearts of both his friends and enemies. He saved his country from foreign subjugation. He hushed the voice of civil discord. He preserved his fellow citizens from the horrid slavery of their own passions. In the field, he laid the foundation of the monument of his glory—In the cabinet, he reared its mighty summit to the skies.

Oh! thou bright pattern of excellence! May thy noble example inspire the hearts of thy countrymen—and may every American soldier, every free-born citizen, pursue the path of glory marked out by thee!

Shall I, unversed as I am in the toils, the trials of war—Shall I, who could scarcely lisp the name of freedom while our forefathers were fighting for its attainment—Shall I, here in the presence of those who have been trained up in the school of Washington—presume to point out to you, the duties and the business of a soldier? Much more would it become me, to refer the task to older and to abler hands.

To become good soldiers, it is first necessary to become good citizens. He who would defend and protect the laws, should first learn to obey them. He alone who knows how to appreciate the value of our civil institutions, and our social enjoyments, can fight in their support, with becoming zeal and firmness.

The soldier's is a noble character—but it is ennobled only by the merit of the wearer. The highest post in the gift of our government, cannot alone confer honor. He who would derive honor *from* an office, must himself do honor *to* that office. And let it be remembered, that the subaltern or private, who fills his station well, is more praiseworthy than his superior, who falls short of his duty.

Let no military man flatter himself that he knows too much to be instructed. Perfection in the military science, is not at-

tainable. He who approaches it the nearest, is the most deserving. Neither let any one be deterred from this study, because it seems rugged and difficult. Zeal and perseverance will surmount every obstacle, and success will crown the efforts of those who advance to the task with soldier-like firmness. It is all important that the military art should be cultivated; and that military ardor should be encouraged.—To this end, attention, subordination, good order and discipline, are indispensibly necessary. To those whom I now address, as well those who command as those who are commanded, it is needless to urge this necessity. Happily, a spirit prevails amongst you, which promises a result, glorious to yourselves, and beneficial to our country.

Every man who voluntarily assumes a military character, pledges his honor, his property, and his life, to support his nation's liberty and independence; and no man who does this, will hesitate to redeem that pledge, when events render it necessary. The responsibility is of immense magnitude; but I am proud to declare my belief, that I am encircled by men who will ever stand ready to discharge the great, the sacred obligation. When our nation wants defence, myriads of her hardy freemen, will flock to her standard. Does an enemy threaten us, the voice of millions will bid him defiance, and dare him to the combat. —Here no traitors will meet encouragement—no tyrant find support.

Our venerable fathers, the heroes of the revolution, laboured faithfully in the field of honor—and they have reapt a harvest of glory. They fought for liberty, for independence. They won it, and were content —even though for this prize, they yielded up their fortunes and their blood.—Let *us*, fellow-soldiers, emulate their great example. Let us here, on this day, offer up our oaths to defend the prize won by our fathers.—"Where liberty dwells, (said the venerable Franklin,) there's my country." Let us go farther, and say, Where our country is, there *shall* liberty dwell. Let us cultivate the arts of peace and friendship—but let us not neglect to train ourselves to arms. Like the sovereign eagle, that bears the emblem of our independence, let us ever present to the world the peaceful olive—but let us never forget to hold up the avenging arrows, as the opposite alternative. A nation may be loved and esteemed for its virtues—but its rights will never be respected, until its power is dreaded.

Fellow-Soldiers—May harmony continue to pervade our ranks. May a spirit of noble emulation inspire us. May we deserve the esteem of our country. May we, with our brethren in arms throughout the union, form an impenetrable phalanx around our constitution and liberties—and may the first foe who attempts to break down that barrier, meet the dreadful fate due to his temerity.

——————Though perils do
Abound, as thick as thought can make them, and
Appear in forms as horrid; yet our duty,
As doth a rock against the chiding flood,
Shall the approach of this wild river break,
And stand unshaken ——————

A false insinuation is as bad as a direct lie; and he only adds folly to knavery who would meanly insinuate what he dare not openly declare. The paltry tool of a contemptible faction, who can say, that the federalists *intended* to carry their ship in mourning on the 4th of July, thereby meaning to be understood that they *did not* so carry it, is entitled to exactly what he receives—that is, the pointed and marked contempt of every honest and decent man in the community.

William Duane, the defender and advocate, not to say, what we believe we might with truth say, the *hireling* of Bonaparte, is appointed by Mr. Jefferson, *lieutenant-colonel* of one the regiments of riflemen in the standing army of 6,000 men, now raising. ——What this army is for, Jefferson and Duane may probably know. No good purpose can be answered by an army, with Wilkinson for brigadier, Duane for colonel, and a set of vagabonds for privates, over whom the recruiting officers are obliged to keep a military guard, to prevent their desertion.

We here refer to a fact which fell under our own observation. A young recruiting officer at Albany, after enlisting 6 or 8 men, actually shut them up in a stable, and placed a centinel to guard them, because they had threatened to run away.

Mr. Jefferson's court of enquiry, which has long been in labor, has at length brought forth a most ridiculous mouse. They have pronounced Wilkinson innocent; and gravely declare, that the money received by the general from Spain, was not a bribe, but the avails of a tobacco speculation. Between Burr's settlement of new lands, and Wilkinson's tobacco-bargains, our country seems in a very hopeful way.

One more step towards perfectability.

At Brandon, Ver. a hopeful youth of 18, named Henry June, was lately suspected of stealing bank-bills. To avoid detection, he rolled them (9 in number) together, and swallowed them; but feeling indisposed, and being alarmed for his safety, he called for a physician, took an emetic, and threw the precious deposit from his stomach, where it had lain for about three hours.

An essay in Mr. Jefferson's paper (the Intelligencer) recommends a war with England, and the writer endeavors to reconcile the American people to this measure.

The French and Spanish, are stirring up the savages on the Missouri, and many acts of hostility have been committed---murders and robberies are frequent.

It is supposed, and indeed asserted, in the government papers, that the late dispatches from Europe, are of the first importance: But their nature and tendency cannot---must not---will not be disclosed.

It is now reported, and the report may be believed until the contrary is proved, that Burr has gone to England!

Communication.

Kinderhook, July 8, 1808.

After an Oration, delivered by Mr. Beekman, and a sumptuous repast provided at Norton's Tavern, the following toasts were drank by the Federalists of this town, at the last anniversary of our Independence.—It is, however, but justice previously to remark, that if a general harmony, respectability of characters, or the numbers that attended for a place like this, were to be brought into the estimation as to the gratifications received, we believe that sensations of pleasure arising from such sources, have seldom been exceeded.

1. The day we celebrate—Sealed with the blood of our ancestors—May posterity cherish it, as the sacred boon of their political existence.

2. The Constitution of the United States—It may yet survive the tempest—if Americans are faithful to themselves.

3. Our Country—Federalists can look back with pride to the days when she rose to glory under the auspices of her Washington.

4. Washington and Hamilton—The sons of Patriotism—The defenders of virtue—from their wisdom our Constitution sprung—deprived of their talents, it feels their loss.

5. Federalism—The child of virtue, and disinterested patriotism—May she once more rescue her Country from the ruin that threatens her.

6. The State of New-York—Gloriously emancipating herself from the shackles of democracy.

7. Massachusetts—Emerging from the dark gloom of democracy—virtue rejoices that she has resumed her place in the ranks of federalism—glorious example!

8. May the hardy sons of the north, never surrender their rights at the shrine of Virginian Aristocracy.

9. The Judiciary—The grand corner stone in our constitutional edifice—May a wall of adamant shield it from its insidious foes.

10. The Independent Jury of Philadelphia—Eternal honors to those men, who did their duty uninfluenced by the slavish fear of incurring the displeasure of the scourge of Europe.

11. Agriculture, Commerce, and Manufactures—Mutually assisting and supporting each other.

12. Champagny's Letter—What bosom does not swell with indignation at the insult offered to his country—May a change of men and measures give us an opportunity to efface the stain from our national honor.

13. Thomas Jefferson—How much is he to be envied who can view national insult, and disgrace, in the calm light of mild philosophy.

14. National defence—Proclamations and Embargoes, present but sorry bulwarks to repel the inroads of power and usurpation—something efficient must be done.

15. Electors of Columbia—Too Independent to sacrifice their liberties, and too well informed to be duped by intrigue.

16. Pickering, Gardenier, and Key—They dared to discharge their duty in spite of executive frowns, or imperial mandates—we hail them as patriots.

17. The American Eagle—May it loathe the deadly embraces of the Gallic tyger.

Communication.

Thunder Storm.

On Sunday last, two thunder showers in quick succession, passed over this city, attended with high winds, a heavy fall of rain, and, perhaps, the heaviest discharges of electricity ever witnessed here. The damage, from which we have heard, was very considerable. The house of a Mr. Werden, in Diamond Street, was struck, and his wife killed. Skilful attempts were immediately made to resuscitate her—and for a while, gave some little hopes of success, but in the end proved ineffectual. The *house* was not very materially injured.

A fine new ship, built, and owned by Capt. Abial Cheney of this place, now lying at his wharf, was struck, and very much injured in her spars. From her Main-mast, which it completely tore to pieces, the stream passed into the hold, spoiled one pump, but spent its force without further injury. We have heard from four places where it struck within the compact part of the city; but any further particulars could not be collected in time for this paper.

The air had been unusually sultry for some days past, and highly charged with electricity—when yesterday, at about 11 o'clock A. M. thunder clouds were seen forming around the heads of the Catskill Mountains lying nearly West from this place. Several small ones soon passed us to the south, with little rain. But at about half past eleven, a singular appearance was exhibited in the N. W.—At first a small dense cloud, lying over the valley East from the Mountain, with a clear space of about 10 degrees underneath, was seen to attract the vapor from the Mountains, and to increase rapidly in size. For some time it continued to extend longitudinally, until about 12 o'clock when the upper part rapidly spread across the horizon, and soon covered the earth to the N. W. and W. with an aweful gloom—nor did the cloud shut down to obscure the horizon in the N. W., until the rain fell very fast. Another one succeeded in a few minutes, formed in the same manner. The quantity of rain which fell was very great, and the lightning and thunder awefully terrific.

June 18, 1808.

From the Review.

Declaration of independence.—The friends of Mr. Jefferson say he was the author of the Declaration of Independence. In that declaration among a number of charges against the King of Great-Britain, we find the following:

"*He has affected to render the military independent of, and superior to the civil power.*"

Who rendered Wilkinson independent of and superior to the civil power?

"*For protecting them* (the military officers) *by a mock trial from punishment.*"

The reader is requested to read the "mock trial" of Wilkinson; and if he pleases, the "mock" decision of the Court of justification of said Wilkinson, signed by *H. Burbeck* president; *W. H. Cushing* and *Jona. Williams* members, and approved by *Thomas Jefferson!* The very man who twitted George the Third about "mock trials."

"*For cutting off our trade from all parts of the world.*" If this tyrannical fellow, Mr. George the Third, did actually "cut off our trade with all the world" he was certainly a very cruel king. What shall we think of King Thomas the first, who has done the same thing? He made this one of the reasons for throwing off our allegiance to Great-Britain; I wonder if the same reason would not justify us in throwing off our allegiance to him.

"*For transporting us beyond seas, to be tried for pretended offences.*"

Who transported Mr. Alexander and others "beyond seas, to be tried for pretended offences?"

I think, may it please your majesty, if you go on in this way a little longer, we shall be justified by your own declaration, in "rejecting and renouncing all allegiance and subjection" to your recommendations, and in once more declaring ourselves "*free and independent states.*"

Facts are stubborn things.

It appears by a late Norfolk paper, that in the course of the last 4 years, insurance to the amount of eleven millions of dollars were made by the insurance office in Norfolk, on vessels belonging to Virginia and on property exported from that state; and that the spoliations committed by all the belligerent powers on the whole of the property thus insured, do not amount to two per cent or one fiftieth part of its value.

The spoliations committed by the French amount to	*Dols.*	183,912
And those committed by the Spaniards to		18,414
Making together,		202,326
While the whole of the British spoliations on the 11 millions worth of property there insured, amounted to no more than		57,052
	Dols.	259,378
But of the French and Spanish captures there was re-taken by the British—and restored to American owners, on payment of salvage—property to the amount of		49,077
Leaving, as the total loss by these spoliations,		210,301

By this statement, we have it in proof, that if the amount of the property (part of the above 11 millions) captured by the French and Spaniards, and which was recaptured by the British and restored to the owners—be deducted from the amount of the same property captured, in the first instance, by the British—the whole loss sustained by spoliations of the British, on the 11 millions, amounts to no more than *dols.* 7,975

Whereas the actual captures made by our *good friends* the French and Spaniards, exceed in value more than twenty-five times that sum, viz.		202,326
Being in the whole, as above,	*Dols.*	210,301

From the Evening Post.

That our readers may see to what abominable lengths profligate democratic prints dare go in the cause of the French Emperor, we extract the following from the *Baltimore Whig*.

"But, taking the British rumours for *truth*, is there any thing that ought to alarm us? I say, No. Our most worthy and enlightened patriots, have long foreseen the necessity of our soon espousing the side of justice in the present contest; *then, God forbid, that Bonaparte should recede a hair's breadth from his present position.* The injustice of England justifies *every* species of retaliation.—Proud, indeed, ought we to be, if Her continued aggressions should induce us to *quit* a *dishonorable* neutrality, wipe off the stain of *June 22d*, 1807; seize the Canada's and Nova Scotia; and thus revenge *past wrongs*, and provide for our *future security* together. Profit and Honour are now at the end of the *same vista*; *a war with Britain leads to both.* Taking, therefore, the accounts as they give them to us, every friend to his country, will come to the same conclusion."

JOURNAL OF THE TIMES.

Be it our weekly task,
To note the passing tidings of the times.

Important.

MADEIRA, May 26.

Report brought from the squadron off Lisbon by a transport 10 days from the fleet carrying emigrants from Portugal for the Brazils.

That the Spaniards had risen and attacked and beaten the French army that had entered Spain, that the British squadron off Cadiz was hourly expected to join the Spanish fleet there, to protect and convoy the king of Spain and royal family to S. America.

The accounts of the arrival of the prince of Portugal at Rio de Janeiro, and the capture of four Spanish frigates, with 40 millions of dollars, is also mentioned, as being current in the fleet.

THE KNOT.

Married, on Thursday evening last, at the seat of John Thurston, Esq in this city, by the Rev. Mr. Prentiss, Mr. EZRA REED, of New-York, merchant, to Miss ELIZA THURSTON.

THE KNELL.

Died, at Dedham, Mass. sincerely and justly regretted by every friend of science and correct politics, the Hon. FISHER AMES. The body was removed to Boston for interment. A funeral oration was pronounced by the Hon. Samuel Dexter. The pall bearers were Hon. H. G. Otis, Hon. E H. Robbins, Hon. T. Parsons, Hon. C. Gore, Hon. G Cabot, and Hon. T. Pickering. The funeral procession was the largest and most respectable ever known in Boston.

At Albany, Mr. JOHN BARBER, publisher of the Albany Register.

In this city, during the storm on Sunday the 17th inst. Mrs. JERUSHA, consort of Mr. Elias Werden, in the 28th year of her age, was killed by lightning.

Died, in this city, on the 5th inst. EDWARD, son of Capt. George Bunker, aged 2 years.

IRREATIS.

[A writer in the *Luzerne Federalist*, proposes the following epitaph for the monument to be erected over the dry bones, lately interred at the Wallabout, with much mock pomp and solemnity.

Edit. Bal.]

We've buried here, with counterfeited moans,
And great parade, a heap of mouldring bones,
Full many a year beneath the open sky,
Have we permitted them expos'd to lie;
And whether they belong to friends or foes,
No living mortal cares, as no one knows.
But we've assumed the fact that they were friends,
And now interr'd them, to promote our ends.
But hush—the fact let no one dare to hint on,
That we have *buried* these, to *raise Old Clinton.*

ORIGINAL MISCELLANY.

For the Balance.

THE LIMNER.

Gun-Boats, Ahoi!

Within a few years, Messrs. Editors, various parts of the male and female dress, have been distinguished by some popular name.—We have had Truxton hats—Suwarrow boots—Nelson hats—Jefferson boots and shoes—Trafalgar ribbons—Nelson's wave and Nelson's ball calicoes—and more other sorts of boots, hats, shoes, ribbons, &c. than I can well remember. About the time that Mr. Fulton raised the wonder of all New-York, by destroying a poor inoffensive old brig that had been given over to his buffetings, a quack very gravely advertised his new invented *Torpedo Pills*, which, he said, were so constructed, that on a given time after being deposited in the stomach, they would explode, and decompose any thing within their reach.

"Can you tell me, Miss Pertly, why this enormous new-fangled bonnet is called a *Gun-Boat?*"

"It is thus named," replied she, "in honor of Mr. Jefferson."

"Indeed—can Mr. Jefferson be honored by giving a straw bonnet the name of his principal national defence?"

"Certainly—If all the ladies in the nation, both old and young, will wear this same straw bonnet, it must render Mr. Jefferson very popular."

"But in what respect does this bonnet resemble a *Gun-Boat?*"

"In more than one, Sir."

"I confess it—and if you will permit me, I will mention some of them."

"Agreed, sir"——

"In the first place, madam, they cost more than they are worth, and thus do they resemble a gun-boat."

"Go on, sir"——

"They resemble a gun-boat, from their fitness to navigate none but *shoal waters.*"

"Thank ye, sir—proceed"——

"They are calculated to make a *mere shew of defence*"——Miss Pertly coloured ——"while in fact they *invite aggression.*"

"I deny it, sir."

"I beg your pardon, madam—but let me see a young lady with a gun-boat bonnet—a proclamation tucker—and a spider-net embargo—while all her prominent points (I mean her elbows, &c.) are naked and defenceless—and I'll bet you my ears against a pair of pic-nic gloves, that she can be conquered."——

PETER PALLET.

For the Balance.

Fashions.

New fashions may generally be traced to some great personage. It is asserted, that the new bonnet, called *Gun-Boat*, was invented by *Mistress* Sally, of Monticello!

TWIG.

For the Balance.

Quere. Cannot yellow fever be kept below the narrows of Staten Island, as well with 3 or 4000 dollars a year, as with 38,727, provided the duty of the health officer at the quarantine is as well performed? Messrs. Printers, I have heard you talk a great deal about fat offices and office seekers; but have never heard you say a word of the health officer's fees at the quarantine of New-York. Hence I conclude you have not been informed of that pretty little annual income of 38,727 dollars. Doctor John R. B. Rogers, the present health officer, is a very quiet old soul. I have never heard any complaints from him during the four and half years in office—nor from those who appointed him. But it cannot escape you, Messrs. Printers, that there are, (as estimated from the custom house returns) for the last six years, from 2,800 to 3,150 vessels, that enter yearly from foreign ports; and from 1,800 to 1,850, coastwise, from the southward of Cape Henlopen, between the first days of May and November, inclusive. From each vessel arriving from a foreign port, the doctor receives $7.50 the whole year, and from each coastwise, arriving as stated, between May and November, $4.50. Besides the Legislature has been pleased to allow the quiet old Doctor gratis, a beautiful country house, and about ten acres of the finest land upon Staten Island, for his own private accomodation—his boats are also found by the state, for the time being—the whole equal to an allowance of about $5000 more. Let us see, then, how my calculation will sum up in the recapitulation.

To take round numbers—the average of the custom house returns, I find there are of vessels entering from foreign ports,

3000 $7.50 each, is	$22,500
Vessels coastwise, as above stated, 1825 $4.50 - - - -	8,212
State gift, of house, land, boats &c. value at - - - - - - - - - -	5,000
Brushes and Lime, for white washing about one half of the whole number (in winter season they do not white wash) or 2,412—from which he receives for the use of the brushes only—and about one gallon of unslacked lime, each vessel, generally (one dollar and a quarter) $1.25 - - - -	3,015
Total,	$38,727

Thirty eight thousand, seven hundred and twenty seven dollars! A very pretty little income indeed. Who would not be quiet? and all this collected from ships before they are permitted to enter. "But commerce flourishes best without too much regulation." I therefore infer, that ships do not pay their part to the country, by paying its whole revenue; and must continue on paying this health officer, (a very quiet old gentleman) 38,727 dollars every year, because no one of the faculty, in this or the United States, might be found, who would gladly accept the office, and discharge the duties of it equally to the satisfaction of the state, for a fixed salary of 3 or 4000 dollars the year—but this would not do. It would have a tendency to "knock off all the shackles of commerce," and leave it without too much regulation.

I do not believe, Messrs. Printers, that the sum of 38,727 dollars, has ever been distributed among the great men of the day. At least, I have never seen any account of it from the treasury department of the state. It is very possible the quiet old doctor, knows what to do with it. But I hope some of the new legislature will enquire into the matter at their next session. For my part, I wish to have the Quere solved. At present, I can see no reason why the duties of that office cannot be as well discharged with the salary mentioned, as with 38,000 dollars.

COMMERCE.

SELECTED.

From the Crisis.

When I commenced a series of Letters to the President of the United States, and you had the goodness to give them a publication, I did not reflect, that the appearance of them was unseasonable. I had not duly considered the disadvantage under which a public writer must appear, on the eve of an election, when readers are disposed to do any thing but hear, read and reflect. I soon discovered my error, however, and desisted; resolving, at the same time, to renew the subject at some future day, should leisure and opportunity present themselves. The present is a period, Sir, when no pen should rest, that can promote the public good. No fact should remain undisclosed that can serve to expose the folly or profligacy of administration. No idea should be suppressed that can shed one ray of light on the dark and mysterious measures of our executive. Truth should marshal all her forces against her sworn foe. Argument, gigantic and powerful, should lead the van. Bold and intrepid censure——keen reproof——sharp satire—should follow in her train. The light troops of wit and ridicule should be employed in constant skirmishing—and plodding, industrious perseverance should bring up the rear. Amongst the ranks of this latter class would I enlist myself—far happier to hold the most humble station, under the banner of truth and justice, than to lead the whole troop of villany and falsehood.

JUNIUS.

TERMS.

To City Subscribers, Two Dollars and Fifty Cents.

ERREAS John Swift, of the city of Hud- in the county of Columbia and state of York, by indenture bearing date the day of February, one thousand eight hun- and eight, for securing the payment of ndred and eight dollars and eighty- ents, good and lawful money of the U- States, on or before the sixth day of then next, with lawful interest on said from the date of said indenture, Did gage, release and convey unto Ezra son, junior, of the same place, his heirs assigns forever, All that certain piece, el, tract or farm of land, situate, lying being in the city of Hudson aforesaid, ded as follows: Westerly on the Farm- Turnpike; northerly by Peter Van Der h's land; easterly by land lately in pos- ion of Samuel B. Webb, now deceased, by land of the said Peter Van Derburgh by the Union Turnpike road; and south- by the old Claverack road so called, as the e was, at the date of said indenture, in possession of the said John Swift—con- ing about sixty-five acres of land, be the e more or less. And whereas default ha- been made in the payment of the said hundred and eight dollars and eighty-nine s. and the interest due thereon—Notice is efore hereby given, that by virtue of a er contained in the said mortgage, and al- y force of the statute in such case made provided, the said mortgaged premises be sold at public vendue, at the house of uel Stocking, inn-keeper, in the said city Hudson, on Friday the second day of De- ber next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon hat day. Dated the 12th day of May, 20—6m

Ezra Sampson, jun.
Grosvenor & Bay, his Att'rs.

HEREAS Frederick Harrison, of the ci- f Hudson, and Zilah his wife, and Jo- Hopkins, of the town of North-East, Anna, his wife, on the twenty fourth of September, one thousand eight hun- and five, did mortgage unto Joel Pierce, he city of Hudson aforesaid, for securing payment of the sum of Twelve Hundred Fifty Dollars, and for other purposes, that certain lot of land situate in the city Hudson aforesaid, on the north side of arren Street, between Third and Fourth eets, known and distinguished on the pro- etors' plat of the city of Hudson, as Lot mber Twenty-Eight, being fifty feet on arren Street, and running back from War- -Street, one hundred and twenty feet, lding its full width of fifty feet, to Prison ley; And whereas default has been made a part of the conditions of said mortgage: w, therefore, notice is hereby given, that e said mortgaged premises, with their ap- rtenances, will be sold at public auction or ndue, on the premises, on the nineteenth y of January next, at ten o'clock in the enoon, in pursuance of an act in such case ade and provided, and agreeably to a clause the said mortgage contained. Dated, Ju- 11, 1808.

6m. *Joel Pierce.*

Gabinet Furniture.

Nathaniel Bowman,

Respectfully informs his friends and the blic, that he has removed his CABINET ARE ROOM to his new building, No. 9, Warren Street, next door below Stock- g's tavern, where he has on hand as usual, handsome assortment of well made

Cabinet Furniture,

hich he warrants to be as good as can be rchased in this city, and will be sold on as asonable terms.

☞ All orders in his line will be thank- ly received and punctually attended to. hose who see fit to favor him with their mmands will find him assiduous in his at- tion to give general satisfaction.

Hudson, *July* 4, 1808. 28

WHEREAS John Townsend, now or late of the town of Kinderhook, in the county of Columbia and state of New-York, and Sarah his wife, by indenture bearing date the twenty-seventh day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, for securing the payment of two thousand five hundred dollars with the lawful interest thereof, on or before the first day of May then next, Did Mortgage and convey unto Michael Merritt and Nehemiah Merritt, of the city of New-York, flour merchants, and to their heirs and assigns forever, all and singular the one equal half part of that certain fall of water, commonly called Abraham Staats' Fish Falls, lying and being in the great creek, together with one equal quarter part of the dam erected over the said creek by David Lawrence, esquire; and also the one half part of a certain piece or parcel of land adjoining to the said fall and on the north side of the said great creek, and extending thereon from a certain gully east of the said fall to a certain gully or hollow west thereof, so as to include the old orchard, formerly of Jacob Muller, and extending with that breadth from the said creek northward until it comprehends the full and exact quantity of twenty acres of land, as in and by a certain map thereof made by Cotton Gelston, reference being thereto had may more fully appear; which said parcel of land is situate in the southern part of the town of Kinderhook, in the county of Columbia aforesaid, and east of the former dwelling-house of Samuel Staats, deceased: And whereas default has been made in the payment of the said sum of two thousand and five hundred dollars with the interest thereof as aforesaid, Notice is therefore hereby given, that by virtue of a power contained in the said mortgage, and also in pursuance of the act in such case made and provided, the said mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction or vendue, at the Court-house in the city of Hudson and county of Columbia aforesaid, on Tuesday the sixteenth day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day. Dated February 1st, 1808. 6

Michael Merritt,
Nehemiah Merritt.

By DICKINSON & AIKIN, their Attornies.

WHEREAS Rodolph Van Hoevenburgh, of the city of Hudson, in the county of Columbia and state of New-York, by Indenture bearing date the eighteenth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seven, for securing the payment of eight hundred and eighty-six dollars, on the fifth day of November then next, with interest from the first day of May then next, Did Mortgage, release and convey unto Eliakim Lapham, his heirs and assigns forever, All that certain farm of land, situate, lying and being in the town of Kinderhook, in the county and state aforesaid, on which the said Eliakim Lapham now dwells: containing ninety-four acres and one half—bounded northerly by Peter Reynolds, westerly by the heirs of Mathew M'Cegg, south by Van Duycks, and east by the post road: more particularly described in a deed of the premises executed by said Lapham and wife, to said Van Hoevenburgh, reference being had to said deed for a more accurate description of the premises;—And whereas default having been made in the payment of the said sum of eight hundred and eighty-six dollars, with the interest as aforesaid: Notice is therefore hereby given, that by virtue of a power contained in the said mortgage, and also by force of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgaged premises will be sold at public vendue, at the house of Samuel Stocking inn-keeper, in the city of Hudson, on the eighteenth day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day. Dated the seventeenth day of April, A. D. 1808. 15

Eliakim Lapham.
By E. Williams, *his Attorney.*

A variety of *Children's Books*,
For sale at Croswell & Frary's store.

WHEREAS Benjamin Tiffany, junior, of Hillsdale, in the county of Columbia, on the twenty-ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and four, for securing the payment of several sums of money, with the interest thereon, did mortgage to James Van Rensselaer, of the town of Bethlehem, in the county of Albany, Philip Schuyler, of Rhinebeck, in the county of Dutchess, and Jacob Rutsen Van Rensselaer, of Claverack, in the county of Columbia, all that certain piece and parcel of land, situate, lying and being in Hillsdale aforesaid, containing ninety-nine acres, two roods and thirty-four perches of land; according to the courses and distances, as mentioned by the boundaries contained in the said mortgage.

And whereas David C McKinstry, of the town of Hillsdale, in the county of Columbia, on the sixteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and four, for securing the payment of several sums of money, with the interest thereon, did mortgage to James Van Rensselaer, of the town of Bethlehem, in the county of Albany, Philip Schuyler, of Rhinebeck, in the county of Dutchess, and Jacob Rutsen Van Rensselaer, of Claverack, in the county of Columbia, all that certain piece and parcel of land, situate, lying and being in Hillsdale aforesaid, containing eighty-seven acres, two roods and nine perches of land; also another piece or parcel of land, lying in Hillsdale aforesaid, lately the property of Ezra Beers, and sold and conveyed by him to the said David McKinstry, containing thirty-six acres, two roods and thirty-seven perches of land; also a piece of wood land likewise conveyed by the said Ezra Beers, to the said David McKinstry, containing seven acres, three roods and five perches of land; all which being particularly mentioned and described in the boundaries contained in the said mortgage.

And whereas John Olmstead, of the town of Hillsdale, in the county of Columbia, on the seventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and four, for securing the payment of several sums of money, with the interest thereon, did mortgage to James Van Rensselaer, of the town of Bethlehem, in the county of Albany, Philip Schuyler, of Rhinebeck, in the county of Dutchess, and Jacob Rutsen Van Rensselaer, of Claverack, in the county of Columbia, all that certain piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in Hillsdale aforesaid, containing twenty-seven acres, one rood, and ten perches of land; according to the courses and distances, as mentioned by the boundaries contained in the said mortgage.

And whereas Henry Dingman, of the town of Hillsdale, in the county of Columbia, on the second day of July, one thousand eight hundred and four, for securing the payment of several sums of money with the interest thereon, did mortgage to James Van Rensselaer, of Bethlehem, in the county of Albany, Philip Schuyler of Rhinebeck, in the county of Dutchess, and Jacob Rutsen Van Rensselaer, of Claverack, in the county of Columbia, all that certain piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in Hillsdale aforesaid, containing one hundred and sixty-four acres, two roods and twenty seven perches of land; according to the courses and distances, as mentioned by the boundaries contained in the said mortgage.

And whereas James Deyoe, of the town of Hillsdale, in the county of Columbia, on the twenty-fourth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and five, for securing the payment of several sums of money, with the interest thereon, did mortgage to Jacob Rutsen Van Rensselaer, of the town of Claverack, in the county of Columbia, all that certain piece and parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the town of Claverack, and county of Columbia aforesaid, containing eighty-three acres and twenty perches of land: according to the courses and distances, as mentioned by the boundaries contained in the said mortgage.

And whereas Newton Hynes, of the town of Hillsdale, in the county of Columbia, on the seventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and five, for securing the payment of several sums of money, with the interest thereon, did mortgage to Jacob Rutsen Van Rensselaer, of Claverack, in the county of Columbia, all that certain piece or parcel of land, situate in Hillsdale, in the county aforesaid; containing two hundred and sixteen acres and two roods of land: according to the courses and distances, as particularly set forth and described by the boundaries contained in the said mortgage.

And whereas Benjamin June and Samuel Ames, of the town of Hillsdale, in the county of Columbia, on the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and five, for securing the payment of several sums of money with the interest thereon, according to the condition of a certain bond executed to Jacob Rutsen Van Rensselaer, Jeremiah Van Rensselaer, and Henry R. Van Rensselaer, executors of Robert Van Rensselaer, deceased, bearing even date with the mortgage executed by the said Benjamin and Samuel, did mortgage to Jacob Rutsen Van Rensselaer, of Claverack, in the county of Columbia, All those two certain farms, pieces or parcels of land, situate in Hillsdale aforesaid, containing in both pieces one hundred and fifty-eight acres, two roods and nine perches of land; according to the courses and distances, as particularly set forth and described in the boundaries, contained in the said mortgage.

And whereas default hath been made in the payment of part of the principal monies and interest due on the said several mortgages Therefore Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power contained in the said several mortgages respectively, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said several mortgaged premises in the above mentioned mortgages described respectively, will be sold at public vendue, at the court-house in the city of Hudson, on Tuesday the first day of November next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon; at which day and place more particular descriptions of the said several mortgaged premises will be given to purchasers Dated April 16, 1808. 16

James Van Rensselaer,
Philip Schuyler,
Jacob Rutsen Van Rensselaer.

Notice.

THE Subscribers, having entered into partnership in the practice of the law, respectfully offer their services to the public. They have commenced business in the office of William W. Van Ness, esq. By a prompt and faithful discharge of professional duty, they hope to merit a continuance of the business of those who have heretofore employed Mr. Van Ness. A principal portion of the unfinished business in the hands of Mr. Van Ness, has been committed to the care of the subscribers, of which those interested will be pleased to take notice.

THOMAS P. GROSVENOR.
THOMAS BAY.

Hudson, July 17, 1807. 42

John Woodward,

HAS commenced the practice of LAW in the city of Hudson, at his office No. 136, corner of Warren and Third Streets, opposite the store of Mr. Henry De Witt; where any thing relative to the business of an Attorney or Counsellor at Law, will be strictly attended to.

August 21, 1807. 47

CROSWELL & FRARY.

Have just received the 2nd volume of the
Miseries of Human Life,
Or the last Groans of Timothy Testy and Samuel Sensitive: with a few supplementary Sighs from Mrs. Testy, &c &c., in nine additional Dialogues, as overheard by James Beresford, A. M. fellow of Merton-college, Oxford.

The Belgian Traveller,
Or a Picture of the Empire of Bonaparte, and his Federate States, for sale at the *Book-Store* of Croswell and Frary.

A good Chance.

THE Subscriber will sell an excellent Farm, near the compact part of the city of Hudson, containing seventy acres of good land, all of which is under improvement and in a high state of cultivation. A large proportion is grass land, which produces abundance of excellent hay; the residue is appropriate and well adapted to tillage. The Farm is well watered and stocked with various kinds of fruit-trees, among which is a young orchard of one hundred trees just beginning to bear, all of which are ingrafted—with an equal number of a full growth. A large and convenient brick house, a good barn and other necessary buildings, are erected upon it, with two good wells near the house whose waters never fail. The Farmers' Turnpike forms its western, and the Union Turnpike part of its eastern boundary. The dwelling house stands near the junction of these two roads, within sixty rods of the Hudson Academy—has a short and easy access to market, and is but one mile distant from the court-house. The situation is pleasant and healthy, and commands an extensive and beautiful prospect. It is well calculated to meet the views of any gentleman who might wish to relinquish business and spend his days in agreeable retirement—for an agriculturist, or for one who is in quest of happiness among the more active scenes of life. It is a good stand for trade or for a tavern, and surpasses any other in the county of Columbia in goodness and situation.—An indisputable title will be given, and the terms of payment made reasonable and easy for the purchaser. If desired, possession will be given this spring.

JOHN SWIFT.

Hudson, March 8, 1808. 10

A great Bargain.

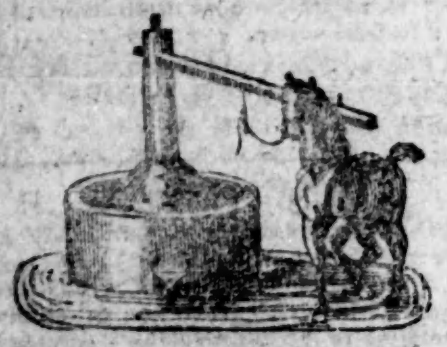
For Sale, the property now occupied by the subscriber, situated on Prospect Hill in the city of Hudson, at the junction of the Columbia, Union and Farmers' Turnpikes, fronting the Hudson Square and Academy; consisting of a two story Brick House nearly finished, in which there is a convenient and well finished Store, and about fifteen City Lots, which will be sold together or separately as may best suit the purchaser—the whole being as good a stand for almost any kind of business as any in the city. For terms enquire of

TIMOTHY BADCOCK,

By whom a good title will be given.

March 8, 1808. 10

Patent Bark Mills.



45

Those who are engaged in the tanning business that wish for an improvement in grinding Bark, may be furnished with the Castings for the subscriber's patent mills, with directions for building them; and also with the rights for towns or counties, by applying to

CORNELIUS TOBEY.

Hudson, April, 1808. 16tf.

N. B. Letters will be attended to, postage paid.

Persons applying by letter, will please distinguish the *State* in which they reside.

A variety of Blanks,

For sale at Croswell & Frary's Bookstore.

London and Paris Fashions,

For the present & approaching Seasons.

Miss Burke,

No. 142, Warren-Street, next door to John Hathaway, Esq's.

HAS FOR SALE,

Millinery and Fancy Goods,

Of the very latest arrivals from Europe, India, &c selected with care and taste, and at reduced prices,

Viz.

Shag & Velvet, Leghorn, Split & Straw BONNETS,	Lace and Pic Nic Gloves,
French Lustring,	White Kid and Silk do.
Italian do.	Silk and Cotton Hose,
Silk Velvets,	Ribbons,
Tabby do.	Cambric Dimity,
Corded Muslin,	Common do.
India Book Muslin,	Bombazetts,
British do.	Tortoise-shell Combs,
Mulmul do.	Mock-Tortoise do.
Elegant Thread Laces	Elegant assortment
Laced Sleeves, Veils and Caps,	Damask Shawls. &c. &c.

With many other articles not enumerated, well worth the attention of the Fashionist and the public in general, to whom the subscriber begs leave to tender her best services and ardent desire to please.

Hudson, May 31, 1808. 22

Just received and for sale by

Plumb, Waldo & Power,

S. & A. Warters'

SCYTHES,

For Grass and Cradle, by the dozen or single. To merchants they will be sold at $12 1-2 per doz for Grass, and $14 1-2 for Cradle, which is the factors' price. To those who have proved them, there need be nothing said; and those who have not, have only to make trial to be convinced of their superior goodness. In order to prevent impositions, the Scythes are stamped

S & A Warters, Amsterdam

Hudson, April 19, 1808. 16

Passage Boat,

Running between

Hudson

and

New-York.

THE well known and established Sloop *EXPERIMENT*, ELIHU S. BUNKER, master, for carrying Passengers only, will sail from Hudson on Sunday morning the 20th of March, at 9 o'clock, and continue to leave Hudson each succeeding Sunday morning at the same hour precisely; and leave New-York every Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock thro'out the season.

This sloop is so well known in this country generally, that it will be unnecessary to say any thing further than that she is completely equipped with the best of beds, bedding, and every thing necessary and comfortable for the accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen travelling on business or for pleasure.

Apply in Hudson, to Mr REUBEN FOLGER, No. 76, Warren-Street, or on board, at the South Wharf.

March 8, 1808. 10—9m

The Wild Irish Girl,

A National Tale, by Miss Owenson, author of the Novice of St. Dominick, &c. &c. &c. for sale at Croswell & Frary's Bookstore.

Cash paid for Rags, at this office.

For Sale,

Sundry Lots fronting the public square in the city of Hudson, situate between Warren and Diamond Streets—having in view a most delightful and magnificent prospect of the city, river, and villages, hills, dales, and mountains adjacent. For terms enquire of the subscriber near the premises.

E. GILBERT.

Feb 22, 1808. 8tf

For Sale,

A small Farm or piece of Land, of 42 acres, mostly under improvement, about one mile from this city, adjoining Mount Laurel, the seat of John Thurston, Esq. For prospect and convenience, surpassed by very few in this quarter. Bounded principally by two roads, and the Farmers' Turnpike from New-York to Troy, now making—is eligibly laid out throughout the premises, and the situation, generally, is capable of handsome improvements for a man of business, pleasure or retirement.

JAMES NIXON, jun.

Hudson, June 10, 1807. 37

For Sale,

A new three story BRICK STORE, eligibly situated for business, at the head of Warren street, Hudson. Enquire on the premises, of

JOHN S. HOPKINS.

June 26, 1807. 39

For Sale,

The FARM of the subscriber, situate in the town of Kinderhook, in the village of Klinekill, 14 miles from the city of Hudson, and 9 from the Landing. It is well timbered and watered; containing about 400 acres, and is allowed to be one of the best farms in said town. Let the purchaser come and see for himself. If not sold by the first of April next, the same will be leased for a term, and possession given in the spring.

DIRCK GARDENIER.

Kinderhook, Jan 15, 1808. 4

For Sale,

Several convenient LOTS, laying on the Farmers' Turnpike, contiguous to the Hudson Healing Springs, two and a half miles from the Hudson Academy consisting of from two to four acres, as will best suit the purchaser. An indisputable title will be given by

Claudius I. Delametter.

Hudson, Nov. 10, 1807. 59tf

Hoop-Poles.

Eight or ten thousand hogshead and barrel Poles, for which the highest price will be given, wanted immediately, by

W. ROGERS & SONS

Hudson, October 2, 1807. 53

Journeymen Coopers, Ahoi!

Five or six are wanted immediately, and if good workmen, will receive the best wages and constant employment from

William Rogers & Sons.

Hudson, September 11. 50

To Let,

A large front Room

In the House No 143, Warren-Street, now occupied by Dr White, as a Druggist Store, well calculated for a Dry Goods Store or an Office. Enquire of

HENRY DeWITT, jun.

March 29. 13

House Lots,

On the north side of Green-Street, for sale,

B R ROBOTHAM.

Hudson, March 15, 1808. 11

Lime.

The subscriber informs the public, that *Perpetual Lime Kiln* is now burning, near the Presbyterian Meeting-house in Hudson, where any quantity of Lime may be had at the usual price. He intends to have a supply on hand through the season.

Cash given or Lime exchanged for any quantity of

WOOD.

Thomas Power.

Hudson, April, 1808. 17

Look here!

About six weeks ago, a worn *Saddle* was lost between William Shaw's and the Gate. Any person who will deliver the same to Mr Shaw, or give information to him, shall be handsomely rewarded.

April, 1808. 17

To Let,

And immediate possession given,

The House and Store No. 94, Warren-Street, Hudson, nearly opposite the Bank, a good a stand for mercantile business as any in the city. For terms apply at the next door, to Mr. Hunt, or the subscriber.

JOSEPH D. JENKINS.

Athens, April 7, 1808. 15

Published at the Balance Press, and for sale

At Croswell & Frary's Book Store,

The Parnassian Pilgrim;

Or the Posthumous Works of the late Mr. WILLIAM LAKE,

With a Sketch of his Life.

PRICES CURRENT,

At New-York, July 9 1808.

			D.	C.	D	C
Ashes, Pot		ton	170	—		
Pearl		——	170	—		
Beans, white		bush	87	—		
Beef, cargo		bbl	6	—		
prime		——	7	—		
mess		——	9	—		
Butter, for export		lb.		6—		9
Cheese,		——		4—		9
Flaxseed,		cask	7	—	8	9
Flour, superfine		bbl.	5	—	5	9
common		——	4	50—	4	6
Rye		——	3	—	3	3
Grain, Wheat, N. Riv.		bush	1	3—	1	4
Rye		——		56—		9
Oats		——		43—		
Corn, North		——		56—		9
Hogs-Lard,		lb.		7—		1
Lumber, Oak Boards,		Mft.	17	50—		
N. Riv. Pine,		——	17	50—	20	
Yellow Pine,		——	16	—		
Albany Boards,		piece		20—		
Oak Timber,		sd.ft		18—		2
Scantling, Pine,		Mft.	13	—		
Shingles, Cyp. 22 inch.		M	4	50—		
Staves, W.O. Pipe,		——	57	50—	60	
hhd.		——	40	—	45	
hhd. heading,		——	45	—		
Red Oak hhd.		——	24	—		
W. Oak bbl.		——	11	25—		
Hoops, hhd. (new)		——	25	—		
Pork, cargo		bbl	9	—	9	2
prime		——	10	—	10	2
mess		——	14	50—	15	
Peas, black-eyed		bush.		—		
Albany		——	1	—	1	0
Tallow,		lb.		10—		
Wax, Bees		——		2—		3

PRINTED BY

CROSWELL & FRARY,

No. 221, Warren-Street,

HUDSON, N. Y.

Balance Advertiser.

No. 30. HUDSON, (New-York) TUESDAY, *July* 26, 1808.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For a square. First insertion, 50 cents; succeeding insertions, 25 cents each; every other insertion 20 cents each.

Half a square First insertion 25 cents; every other insertion 12 1-2 cents each.

Advance pay for advertising will always be exacted from strangers, or persons living at a distance from Hudson.

Advertising Friends

are requested to hand in their Advertisements by Friday evening or Saturday morning preceding Tuesday's publication.

New Advertisements.

Just Published,

And for sale by the dozen or single, at

Croswell & Frary's Book-Store,

An Oration,

delivered at Christ's-Church, in this city, on the 4th inst.

By THOMAS P GROSVENOR, Esq

July, 1808. 30

Just received,

at Croswell & Frary's Book Store, the following

New Publications.

Bancroft's Life of Washington, price $2 75.

Letters from England, by Don Manuel Alvarez Espriella. Translated from the Spanish, in 2 vols

Corinna; or Italy.

Fatal Revenge; or the Family of Montorio. A Romance, in 2 vols by Dennis Jasper Murphy.

The Foundling of Belgrade: a translation from the French, by W. Jennings

Morse's Universal Geography, with and without the Atlas.

— Geography abridged

Walker's Dictionary abridged.

An additional assortment of Longworth's Plays.

Also, a general assortment of

French School Books.

July 26.

THE subscriber being obliged to make a journey to Canada, will start about the first of August: he will travel through most parts of Vermont, and return by a western route through this state. He will be very glad to transact any business for his friends or the public, they may see fit to entrust him with, for a reasonable compensation.

Silas Stone.

Hudson, July 20, 1808. 30

To Let,

Two pleasant Rooms with a privilege in a kitchen and back yard, situated near the Academy. If not rented by September next, five or six scholars can be accommodated with boarding after that time Enquire of the subscriber on the premises.

Silas Stone.

Hudson, July 19, 1808. 30 f

Notice.

A dvidend of Twenty Three Cents on each share of the capital stock of the Union Turnpike Company, is this day declared, and will be paid accordingly by

Reuben Folger, Treas'r.

Hudson, July 12, 1808. 29—3w.

Notice is hereby given,

That the copartnership subsisting between the subscribers, is this day dissolved, by mutual consent.

Isaac Lum,
Jeremiah Waterman.

Hudson, July 8 1808. 29—3w

The business will in future be conducted by ISAAC LUM, who is duly authorized to settle the accounts of the firm. All those indebted are desired to make immediate payment, as all unsettled demands will be put into the hands of an attorney, on the 20th of August next.

Millinery and Dry Goods.

For sale at the store of

PETER M'LEAN,

At the sign of the Star, No. 120 Warren-street, corner of Third-street, opposite Storrs & Gunn's,

An assortment of Ladies' fashionable Split-Straw, Leghorn, Chip, and Silk

Bonnets.

Also, a variety of other articles in the Millinery and Dry Goods line.

Hudson, July 12 1808. 28tf

Mills to Let.

The subscriber will let, for a term of years, his Grist and Plaster Mills, situated in Claverack, on the Columbia Turnpike, five miles from Hudson. As the premises are so well known it is deemed needless to go into a particular description. There are three run of stones in the grist mill, the machinery in complete repair for manufacturing. Their situation, in the midst of an opulent grain country, unrivalled, they may well be considered an object worthy the attention of any person wishing to enter into the milling business. Terms will be made easy. For particulars enquire of

Jacob R. Van Rensselaer.

Claverack, July 19, 1808. 29tf

Dissolution of Partnership.

The copartnership of Shaw and Speed is this day dissolved, by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the firm are requested to call and settle their accompts immediately with William Shaw, who is empowered to settle all demands for and against the firm.

William Shaw,
James Speed.

Hudson, June 30, 1808. 27

The subscriber hereby forbids all persons harboring or trusting his wife MARY, on his account—and also, concealing or conveying away any of his property, as he is determined to prosecute every offence of this kind, to the extent of the law. This caution is particularly given to one Christopher Keeler.

Charles McLean.

Hudson, July 7, 1808. 28—3w

For sale at Croswell & Frary's Book-Store, a new edition of the

Laws of New-York,

in 4 volumes complete—price 12 dolls.

WHEREAS Luther Dunning, of the city of Hudson, in the county of Columbia, trader, and Urania his wife, by indenture of mortgage, bearing date on the twentieth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seven, for securing the payment of the sum of eight thousand dollars, on or before the seventeenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eight, with lawful interest, did mortgage and convey unto Joseph Lloyd and William Ingland, of the city of New-York, merchants, all that certain piece, parcel and tract of land, situate, lying and being in the city of Hudson aforesaid, beginning at the south side of the Van Hoesen purchase or patent, at the north-east corner of a lane leading to John Everts'; thence north, sixty-five degrees east, seven chains; thence north, forty degrees and forty minutes east, four chains and fifty links; thence north, thirty-four degrees east, three chains and twenty links; thence north, fifty-five degrees east, five chains and five links; thence south, twenty-four degrees and thirty minutes east, nine chains and fifteen links; thence north, forty-five degrees east, ten chains and sixteen links to a marked tree; thence north, eighty-seven degrees east, twelve chains to a marked stake at the south side of the road leading to Hudson; thence along the same south, eighty degrees and thirty minutes east, about two chains and fifty links, from the south-east corner of the house of Joseph Hamilton, (where it formerly stood, on the road leading from Hudson to Claverack) to a certain stake and stones agreed upon as a corner of a division line; thence from the said stake and stones south, six degrees west, twelve chains; thence south, twelve degrees west, two chains and an half; thence south, forty-two degrees east, four chains and twenty-five links, or until it strikes the south line of the said piece of land; thence from the said line south, forty-five degrees west, to the south line of the Van Hoesen patent; thence north, twenty-one degrees west, (or thereabouts) along the said line, thirty-one chains and ten links, to the place of beginning, excepting and always reserving out of this present grant, a certain parcel of land containing about ten acres, heretofore conveyed by Dirck Van Der Karr to William Schermerhorn, and also a certain other piece of land conveyed by the said Dirck Van Der Karr to Paul Hale, containing three acres, and also another piece of land conveyed by the said Dirk Van Der Karr to Samuel Nichols, containing one acre, one rood and thirty-three perches, and also a certain tract of land beginning at the south-westerly corner of the said tract of land at a certain bound standing by the south-easterly side of the road leading from the dwelling-house of John Everts towards the Claverack road; thence along the line of the said Everts' land south-easterly to a certain point; thence at right angles north-westerly to a certain point; thence at right angles westerly to the road aforesaid; thence along the said road to the place of beginning; which said tract of land so reserved as last aforesaid, contains six acres. The said land hereby intended to be granted being about fifty acres, be the same more or less; excepting also and reserving from this grant a certain piece of meadow, heretofore conveyed by the said Luther Dunning to Eli Dunning, lying and being on the north side of the Columbia Turnpike and south of the old road, and bounded on both, containing one acre of land, or thereabouts, be the same more or less; together with all and singular the rights, members, privileges advantages, emoluments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining. And whereas default has been made in the payment of the said sum of eight thousand dollars, with the interest, agreeable to the condition of the said mortgage, which was to be in full force and virtue in case such default should be made. Now notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power contained in the said mortgage, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, all the interest of the said Luther Dunning and Urania his wife, of, in, and to the said mortgaged premises, will be exposed to sale at public auction, at the court-house in the city of Hudson and county of Columbia aforesaid, on the twenty-sixth day of January next, between the hours of twelve and one o'clock of that day. Dated July thirteenth, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Joseph Lloyd, and
William Ingland.

29 6m

WHEREAS John N. Pabody and William Gay, both of the town of Canaan in the county of Columbia, on the fourteenth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, for securing the payment of four hundred and fifty-one pounds, three shillings and one penny, with its interest, equal in value to eleven hundred and twenty-seven dollars, eighty eight cents, according to the condition of a certain bond or writing obligatory, bearing date the said fourteenth day of March, did mortgage and convey unto Hannah Vosburgh, administratrix of the estate of Evert Vosburgh deceased, of the town of Kinderhook in the county of Columbia, her heirs and assigns forever, all that certain tract, piece or parcel of land, situate in the town of Canaan, with the grist-mill and two saw-mills thereon, being and bounded in the said mortgage as follows: Beginning at a stake and stones on the high-way, being the north-east corner of the said William Gay's farm, thence running with the high-way eastwardly to the west side of a well, near William Norighton's house; thence running southerly to the fence that form's part of the said William Norighton's door-yard; thence running southerly with the fence to Andrew Hackley's land; thence running by said Hackley's land with the fence southerly to a stake and stones; thence running westwardly by said Hackley's land to the flume; thence running southerly with said flume to a dam, known now to be a mill dam for the use of the said mills; thence running south-west to a small run of water that crosses the high-way; thence running with said stream of water to the road between Moses Benedick's and the said William Gay's; thence running north-westwardly with the said road to said William Gay's orchard; thence running with the said orchard fence to the first mentioned bounds. And whereas default has been made in payment of the said sum of money, with its interest, agreeable to the tenor and effect of the said in part recited mortgage and bond, Notice is therefore hereby given, that by virtue of a power contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the above described premises will be sold at public vendue, on the twenty-seventh day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the dwelling-house of Lemuel Norton, in the town of Kinderhook, and a conveyance executed to the purchaser. Dated this fourteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Hannah Vosburgh
By Francis Silvester, her Attorney.

29 6m

For sale at Croswell & Frary's Book Store,

Proceedings of the Society of Dutchess county for the promotion of Agriculture; published by order of the society.

Samuel Wigton,

Has for Sale,
his new Brick Store, in Front-Street, four doors south of the lower Market,

DRY GOODS, Groceries,
Hard & Crockery Wares,
&c. &c.

Among them are the following:

DRY GOODS, Viz.

BROADCLOTHS, all qualities and colors
Kerseymeres
Coatings, plain and twilled
Lionskins
Rose Blankets
Swansdowns & printed Kerseymeres
Velvets of various kinds
Corduroys, Thicksets
Vest-Patterns in variety
Jeans and Fustians
Nankeens, in variety
Flannels, Baizes, &c.
Men's Hose, all qualities
Checks and Stripes
Bed-Ticking, cotton and linen
Hats, roram and felt
Lustrings, various colors
Satins, Pelongs, Sarsnets
Red Broadcloths for cloaks
Chintzes & Calicoes
Muslins, all sorts and prices
Gurrahs, Platillas, Humhums
Book Muslins and Book Handkerchiefs
Lawns, Laces, Edgings
Long Lawns, Cambrics
Linens, Camlets,
Waldbores, Calimancoes
Durants, Russells, Moreens
Shalloons, Rattinets
Handkerchiefs, of all kinds
Shawls, do silk and cotton
Gloves, leather, black and colored
Mitts, and habit do.
English, plain, striped and pic-nic Gloves & Mitts
French silk and habit do.
Linen and cotton Stripes
Silk & cotton Gloves and Mitts, men's and women's
Silk and cotton Umbrellas
Woollen, worsted, silk and cotton Stockings, assorted colors, plain and with clocks
Cotton Yarn, Sewing Silk
Threads, Tapes, Bindings
Legnorn, Dunstable and satin Bonnets
Wax, glass and amber Beads
Red & black Morocco Pocket-Books
Cotton and silk Suspenders
Ribbons, Pins, Needles
Thimbles,
Steel Knitting Pins,
&c. &c. &c.

HARDWARE, Viz.

Bar-Iron, and English blistered Steel—Pots and Kettles—Bake-pans—Smoot' g irons—Locks—Knives and Forks, buckles, handles, &c. of different kinds—Carving Knives and Steels—Razors—Pen-knives—Plane-irons, Chissels, Gouges, &c.—Shoemakers' Tools—Hones—Brass Cocks—Scissors—Plated, gilt and pearl Buttons—Spectacles—Pewter Platters, large and small: do. Basons and Porringers, do. do.; do. Plates and Teapots—Britannia Table and Tea-Spoons—Brass-headed Andirons—Shovels and Tongs—Candlesticks and Snuffers—Copper Tea-kettles—Japanned Waiters and Mugs—Cotton and Wool Cards—Holland Skates—Slates and Pencils—Best steel-plated saw-mill Saws; Cross cut do.—Excellent Fowling Pieces—Pistols—Porash Kettles—Chaldrons—Stoves—Silver plated Candlesticks; do Salt cellars—Brass Candlesticks—Best Britannia metal Tea pots, &c. &c.

GROCERIES, Viz

St Croix Rum, of an excellent quality, per hhd bbl. or gal.—Jamaica spirits—Wines, per qr cask or less—Brandy, per pipe, bbl. &c.—Gin per do.—Cherry Rum—Brown Sugar, per hhd. bbl. or qr.—Loaf and Lump do. per cwt or less—Coffee & Chocolate—Salt, rock Turks'-Island & blown—Indigo—Pepper Allspice, Ginger Nutmegs—Tobacco, plug, pigtail and paper—Scotch & Maccoboy Snuff, best kind, wholesale or retail, cheaper than the New York prices—Best English rag Powder—Patent Shot, all sizes—Bar Lead—Hard Soap—Bonnet Paper; Writing do.—Cotton-Wool—Holland Brushes; Whitewash do.—Bed Cords—Trace Rope—Redwood, Nicaragua do.—Copperas, Alum—Brimstone—Fire and spit-ball Blacking, &c. &c.

Crockery and China.

Wooden Ware,

Of the *Shakers'* manufacture, viz. Tubs; Half-bushel, &c. Measures; wire and splint Riddles and Sieves; Brooms; Pails, &c. Also, Ploughs, Rakes, Barrels, Kegs, &c.—Whips, Lashes, &c. &c.

Shoes, Slippers, &c.

Of all kinds, for men and boys, ladies and children.

Plaster. Garden-Seeds. Flax-Seed. Red Clover Seed. Hemp Seed.
Codfish, Pickled do. and Mackerel,
by the bbl. or less.
A few barrels Liver Oil.

Bibles, Testaments, Spelling-Books &c. &c.

Take Notice.

S. WIGTON requests all to whom he is indebted to bring in their bills for payment—

AND ALSO,

All persons who are indebted to him are informed, that unless their accounts are settled by the 15th of October, they will be put into the hands of an attorney for collection.

Hudson, September, 1806. Itf

A few Kegs best
Virginia Tobacco,
For sale by
Samuel Wigton.
Hudson, July 10, 1807. 41

Eastern Bills taken.

The following bank bills will be received in payment for goods at the store of the subscriber, without discount, viz.

Of Pittsfield,
Northampton,
Hartford,
Middletown,
New-London, and
New-Haven.

SAMUEL WIGTON.
Hudson, February 6, 1807. 19

Wholesale and Retail Store.

Lloyd & Ingland,
No. Warren-Street,

Have for sale a large assortment of

DRY GOODS,
and
Rum, Gin, Brandy, Sugar,
and Molasses,
by the Hhd. Bbl. or less.

Iron and Steel, by the ton,
Cwt. or less.

Also, 20 dozen of fashionable fine

Split-Straw Bonnets,

by the dozen or retail, which will be sold cheap for cash or approved notes.
Hudson, January 1, 1808. 2

EXCHANGE OFFICE.

Ransom Clark,

Begs leave to inform the public, that he has opened an office in the city of Hudson, at his house No. 240, Warren Street, where

BANK BILLS,

that are not counterfeit, of every description will be exchanged at a reasonable premium
Hudson, Nov. 4, 1807. 58

Ripley & Center

Have for sale

The following GOODS,

The greater part of which are of their own importation, and will be sold, at WHOLESALE only, as low as can be had from New-York,

viz.

60 puncheons St. Croix Rum
30 do. W. Island do.
30 do. retailing Molasses
10 pipes 4th proof Coniac Brandy
5 do. do. Cette do.
8 do. real Holland Gin
20 qr. casks Sherry, } WINES. of the 1st quality.
25 do. Malaga,
20 pipes, hhds. and qr. casks L. p Madeira
14 hhds Muscovado Sugar
20 barrels do. do.
15 hhds. Lump Sugar
28 chests Hyson-skin Tea
15 do. Souchong do
3 do. Bohea do
20 kegs Ginger
10 bags Pimento
12 do. Pepper
30 kegs Tobacco
800 lbs. Pigtail do.
1 ton Snuff
600 bushels Turks'-Island Salt.

ALSO,

A consignment of 60 pieces Broadcloths and Coatings, which will be sold very low, and on liberal terms.
Hudson, December 14, 1807. 4tf

Salt, Wine, Liver Oil, &c.

2000 bushels Cape de Verd Salt
800 do. Coarse Liverpool do.
20 qr. casks Teneriffe particular Wine
10 do. London particular Madeira of an excellent quality.
2 hhds. 4th proof W. I. Rum, and
20 barrels Liver Oil, of a superior quality,
For sale at the New-York prices, by
Thomas Jenkins & Son,
At their store north of the Ferry Stairs.
Hudson, Dec. 15, 1807. 64

PORK Wanted.

A generous price will be given for about 300 first rate Hogs, for barrelling, by
S. WIGTON.
Nov. 6, 1807. 58

Horse Thieves, Take Notice.

That on the first day of March, 1808, the Hudson Conscript Company, formed for the detection of horse thieves, met and has unanimously chosen

GEORGE BURCH, Esq. *Treas'r.*

Mich. M. Hallenback, Nicholas Ten Broeck,
Claud. D. Delamater, Samuel Dyer,
Peter Kipp, William Shaw,
Henry Teator, Moncrief Livingston,
Henry Plass, James Fairchild,
James Van Deusen, Stephen Gunn,
Riders. 1y10

Notice.

The assignees of Uriah Wilson, an insolvent debtor, give notice (pursuant to the act entitled "an act for giving relief in cases of insolvency") to the creditors of the said insolvent debtor, that on the first day of October next, from ten o'clock till four of that day, at the house of Elijah Buck, in Chemung, the said assignees will attend to make a division of all that shall come to their hands, of such estate. Dated at Chemung this 23d day of June, 1808.

Jacob Lowman, } *Assignees.*
Elijah Buck, }

28 3m

Mrs. Jeffords,

No 90, Warren-Street, Hudson,
(opposite Swart's City-Tavern)
Has received, in addition to her former stock of

Fancy Goods and Millinery

a very large and handsome assortment of

Straw Bonnets,

All which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

Gowns and Pelices made, and Straw Bonnets made and altered in the best and most fashionable manner.
November 13, 1807. 59

Choice Drugs & Medicines,

At the Sign of the Lion and Mortar.

SAMUEL WHITE,

Has just received an extensive supply of choice articles of

Medicine,

which he will sell as low as can be purchased of equal quality.

ALSO,

Fine Paints, Spices, Figs, Poland Starch,
&c &c
Hudson, December 18, 1807. 64

The subscriber offers for sale, as agent for Charles M'Evers, jun.; also as agent for Gulion Ludlow, G V. Ludlow and Ann Ludlow, about

Two Hundred Farms,

in Greene County, on the west side of Catskill Mountain, on the north and south of the Little Delaware Turnpike Road, between twenty and thirty four miles from Catskill Landing. Price reasonable, and time of payment, ten or fifteen years, with a small payment down, and interest punctual. All deeds will be executed by the *proprietors* themselves, pursuant to contracts made with the subscriber.

Proposals will also be received for Farms or the tracts of land, late the property of Edward Livingston; and answers will be given by the proprietors, within a reasonable time.

Amos Eaton.

Catskill, (near the Mountain) }
May 25, 1808. } 22—6m

Note. The subscriber having totally cleared from all incumbrances whatever, Twelve of his own Farms, (containing about 150 acres each) in the town of Catskill, (as may be seen by calling at the office of the Clerk of Greene county) he now offers them for sale at the reduced price of twelve dollars per acre on an average, payable in twenty years, with interest punctually paid annually. But all applications must be made within six months; for if not sold by that time he has determined on other arrangements.

A. E.

From 14 to 16 Farms to Lease.

From the 1st of January next, those very beautiful and valuable Farms upon the Tauanock Flats in the Manor of Livingston, to be leased for a term of years. None need apply but those who can pay down in the course of one year from the date of the lease one half of the purchase money, and the remainder in small annual rents.

Also, an excellent stand for a Tavern, now occupied by Mr. Conrad Turner, with thirty acres of good arable Land and thirty of Wood Land. For further particulars apply to Mr. JOHN S LIVINGSTON at Claverack, and those who may wish to see the Farms, to DANIEL PONERY, Esq. in Granger, near the premises.

June 10, 1808. 24